

POLY(DIALLYLAMINE)-BASED BILE ACID SEQUESTRANTS

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention relates to a method for removing bile acids from a patient and certain polymers of use in the method. The method comprises the step of administering to 5 the patient a therapeutically effective amount of a polymer composition which includes a poly(diallylamine) polymer which is substituted with hydrophobic groups. The hydrophobic groups can be a substituted or unsubstituted, straight chain or branched C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>24</sub>-alkyl group, an aralkyl group or an aryl group.